

CLASS VIII

ry is a daily record of events, experiences, and personal thoughts, which describe what ned over the course of time. It is a way to express one's thoughts or feelings honestly with enhances writing skills, memory, self-reflection and creativity. Prepare a Journal (diary) of your own for 30 days and note down the special events(if r your personal thoughts stating how each day was spent, in the correct format. It is a decorative string with motivational quotes/slogans to beautify the walls of your school or s and also to develop self-discipline. Sample: Believe in yourself
Dream BIG DO WHAT YOU LOVE Learn & Grow:
RUBRICS: Creativity: 2M, Content Accuracy: 3M Materials to be used: A4 sheets/colour papers ,colour pencils /sketch pens Cardboard (for decorative strings)
ading is to the mind what exercise is to the body"
a

SCIENCE						
BIOLOGY	BIOLOGY HOLIDAY HOMEWORK ON CONSERVATION OF PLANTS AND ANIMALS					
	Project Components:					
	1. Research Report (4–5 pages) (3M)					
	Define conservation of plants and animals					
	Conservation methods (national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves).					
	Success stories (e.g., Project Tiger or Chipko Movement).					
	2. Create a Scrapbook or Poster (3M)					
	Collect newspaper or magazine cuttings on conservation efforts.					
	Draw or paste pictures of endangered species.					
	 Include interesting facts and slogans (e.g., "Plant a Tree, Save the Earth!"). 					
	3. Make a "Conservation Pledge" (3M)					
	Write 5–10 things you will do to help nature.					
	Example: "I will not waste paper," or "I will plant two trees this year." Submission Format: Neat presentation and punctuality- (1M)					
	Decorate and organize it neatly.					
	Add your name, class, and date.					
PHYSICS	ACTIVITY- Chart with any five musical instruments with sound producing vibrating parts and a model making of Iktara.					
	Sound is produced by a vibrating body. Musical instruments have varying vibrating objects that produce different sounds which can be listed with any 5 drawings of musical instruments against the vibrating part in the chart and a model making of Iktara (DIY).					
	Instructions:					
	 Choose 5 musical instruments from a Science textbook. Make a chart by listing 5 musical instruments against their vibrating body of instrument producing that sound with neat drawing. 					
	Make a model of Iktara (Do it by yourself) with simple available materials and attach two strings (one thick and other thin)					

Learning outcomes:

- Learners will understand how sound is produced from the objects and a vibrating body is responsible for producing different sounds from the instruments.
- Learners will engage their creativity in making the model of Iktara and understand how sound changes with the thickness of the string.

Submission format:

- Neatly drawn on a chart with headings, name, class & section mentioned.
- Model of Iktara to be submitted with name, class & section written on it.

Assessment criteria:

Concept understanding: 2M

Creativity presentation of chart: 2M

Model making: 5M

On time submission: 1M

MATH

EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING

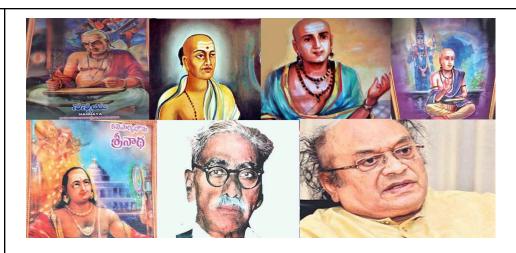
TOPIC: AREA

- *Draw or design a "Geometry garden" include various shapes like rectangles(benches), circles(flowers) triangles (trees) etc..
- * Label each shape and write its dimensions.
- * Calculate and write the Area & perimeter/ circumference of at least five elements.

Colour and create your poster.



	Learning objective: To learn about Area of different 2D Shapes using formulae . Learning outcome: This activity encourages students to learn about areas of different 2 D shapes. RUBRICS: *Content: (5m) * Presentation: (2m)
	*Neatness; (2m) * Punctuality:(1m)
SOCIAL	Visit any one Public facility centre like health, transport,education,bank and water works etc. Prepare a field report based on the following points; Location Infrastructure Services provided Description of the work Note: Please include an interesting fact about the public facility you have visited. Learning Outcome: Students will be able to analyze and evaluate the role and functions of the public facility
	Rubrics: Presentation 2 Content 2 Punctuality 1
LANGUAGE 2 TELUGU	CLASS: 8 TELUGU LANGUAGE-II SUMMER HOLIDAY HOMEWORK - 2025-26 కవులు అంటే కవిత్వం చెప్పే వ్యక్తులు, లేదా కవితలు, పాటలు, మరియు ఇతర సాహిత్య ప్రక్రియలను సృష్టించే వ్యక్తులు. ప్రాచీన కాలం నుండి సేటి ఆధునిక కాలం వరకు తెలుగు సాహిత్యంలో అసేక మంది ప్రముఖులు ఉన్నారు. వారిలో నన్నయ్య, తిక్కన, పోతన, శ్రీనాథుడు, గురజాడ అప్పారావు, సి. నారాయణరెడ్డి, దాశరథి, కాళోజి వంటి వారు ఎందరో ఉన్నారు. కవి దేనిసైన కవితాత్మకంగా పెలుగులోకి తీసుకవచ్చి సమాజహితానికి దోహదకారి అవుతాడు. ముఖ్యంగా కవిత్వ ప్రయోజనం సమానత్వం, మానవత్వం, సైతిక విలువలు వంటి విశేషాలు సమాజానికి తెలపడము. అటువంటి కవుల గురించి తెలుసుకోవలసిన అవసరం ఎంతైనా ఉంది. మీకు నచ్చిన ఐదుగురు కవుల గురించి రాసి , వారికి సంబంధించిన చిత్రాలు అతికించండి.



RUBRICS:

శీర్షిక, ప్రదర్శన = 2 చిత్రం = 3 భాష వివరణ = 5 మొత్తం = 10 మార్కులు

LEARNING OUTCOME

SUGGESTED BOOKS FOR READING:

LANGUAGE 3 HINDI

ग्रीष्मकारीन अवकाश हेत्न्ररयोजना कायय

वषय – २०२५-२६

क । – आठवीीं LANGUAGE- 3 [Level-1]

ववषय – हहींदी

ववषय सींवधयन नररयोजना-Subject Enrichment Project

ववषय – आचायय विष्णुशमाय द्िारा रचचत नोचतोत्र की कहानी का सार तथा कहानी से ममर्रने िारी मश्चा ।







न्ररयोजना का न्ररचय (Introduction)- नींचतींत्र की कहानी का सार तथा शशा। |

न्ररयोजना का वववरण(Details of project)- आचायय विष्णुशमाय द्िारा रचचत नोचतोत्र की कहाननयाँ निद्धिए तथा ककसी एक कहानी का सार तथा उस कहानी से ममऱने िाऱी मश्या को मऱखिए | न्ररयोजना में कहानी से सोबोचधत चचत्र अश्य होने चाढ़हए | कहानी का सार 15 से 20 नक्ो ततयों में मऱिना है | कहानी सोबोधी चचत्र चचनका या बना भी सकते है |

न्ररयोजना का राभ - कहाननयाँहमारी क् ॊदगी का अहम ढ़हस्सा हैं. कहाननयों से हमें कई तरह के फायदे होते हैं, जैसे:

- रचनात्मक सोच को बिंगा ममऱता है, भाषा का विकास होता है तथा नए विषयों का 🖭 न होता है।
- एक दस् रे से जुड़ने में मदद ममऱती है, भिानाओं को व्यतत करने का तरीका ममऱता है
- कढ़िन विषयों को आसान तरीके से समझा जा सकता है। सामान्य ननदेश — (Steps and instructions)
 - 🛮 अऩनी नररयोजना ऩिाशारा के प्रथम ढ़दिस नर जमा करानी है।
 - 🛭 कायय सदरो

्मिरोट में मिरा हो, कहानी सोबोधी चचत्र होने चाढ़हए |

🛮 कायय रोगीन, आकषयक तथा A4 size काग नर 2-3 नष्िों में ककया जाना 🛮 चाढ़हए |

नर्रयोजना का एक सोंदुर आरण नृष्ि होना चाढ़हए, क्जस नर ढ़होदी नर्रयोजना, न्ररयोजना का नाम, अन्नना नाम, अन्ननी क
 तथा िगय अश्य मऱ्खिए ।

न्ररयोजना का उद्देश्य (Learning Objectives)— छात्रों की रचनात्मक सोच तथा उनमें सझू -बझू तथा बद्ुचध का विकास कर उन्हें न्ररन्ति बनाना ।

न्ररयोजना करने का प्रनतपर्(Learning outcome)- छात्र कहाननयों का रसास्ादिन करेंगे। उनमें कहानी के प्रनत रूचच बिगी। रचनात्मकता का विकास होगा। छात्र कहानी मरिने के मरए प्रेररत होंगे। न्ररयोजना के मल्याकीं न के आधार – Rubrics

गुररपाजना प	ह नार्युपाका न प	<u> भ जापार –</u>	RUDITICS			
कुराकॊ	सज	ृनात्मक		प्रस्तुनतकरण	विषय साम	
10	2		2	2	2	2

LEVEL 2 HINDI

कक्षा - आठवीं Language-3 (level-2) विषय – हिंदी

कला समेकित परियोजना – Art integrated project

परियोजना का विषय – चित्र वर्णन (pictures for example)





परिचय (Introduction)- चित्र उतार कर या बनाकर उसका वर्णन करना

परियोजना का विवरण–(Details of Project) अपनी कल्पना से कोई एक चित्र बनाकर या चिपकाकर (रंग-बिरंगा) उस चित्र का वर्णन 10-12) वाक्यों में कीजिए।

परियोजना का उद्देश्य- (Learning Objective) छात्रों के कला-कौशल का विकास तथा भाषा का विकास करना परियोजना करने का प्रतिफल – (Learning outcome) कला के प्रति रुचि उत्पन्न होगी तथा अपने भावों को अभिव्यक्त करने की क्षमता बढ़ेगी |

सामान्य निर्देश-(Instructions)

- परियोजना कार्य पाठशाला के प्रथम दिवस पर जमा करानी है।
- यह कार्य सुंदर लिखावट रंग-बिरंगा तथा आकर्षक होना चाहिए | इसे तथा A4 size कागज़ पर 2-3 पृष्ठों में प्रस्तुत किया जाना चाहिए |
- परियोजना का एक सुंदर आवरणपृष्ठ (cover page) हो, जिस पर हिंदी परियोजना, परियोजना का नाम, अपना नाम, अपनी कक्षा तथा वर्ग अवश्य लिखिए |

मल्यांकन के आधार – Rubrics

क्लांक	रचनात्मकता	भाषा	प्रस्त्तिकरण	जानकारी	चित्र
10	2	2	2	2	2

EVEL 3 HINDI	Class — 8 language- 3 (Level -3) For new learners . Subject enrichment activity Flashcard Fun- 10 marks Flashcard Fun is a fantastic activity that helps students remember Hindi vowels (स्वर) and consonants (ट्यंजन) in an engaging way. Here's a detailed explanation: How to Create and Use Flashcards Materials Needed: Colorful chart paper or thick cardboard Sketch pens, colored pencils Picture cutouts (from magazines/newspapers) or hand-drawn illustrations Glue, scissors Transparent covers (for preservation) Step 1: Prepare the Flashcards Create separate cards for each vowel (अ, अ, अ, इ, ई) and consonant (क, ख, ग, चminimum 10) On one side, write the letter in a large, clear font. On the other side, draw or paste a picture of a word that starts with that letter.
	Step 2: Make Flashcards Attractive • Decorate each card—use colors, add pictures, and write the letters in different styles • Learning Outcomes- Visual Learning: Pictures help reinforce letter recognition. • Interactive Practice: Learning through games makes it fun.